

LABORATORY GLOVES

IT'S IN THE NAME

A TOP QUALITY SERVICE

SHIELD Scientific is a European company. The headquarters are strategically based in the Netherlands. Our international logistics hub, located in Malaysia, has storage space for up to 1700 pallets (60 000 cases), whilst logistics management is tightly controlled. Our production management system is certified according to ISO 9001:2015 and ISO 13485:2016. Distribution is provided by a network of Master Distributors. At SHIELD Scientific, everyone is focused on the needs of the customer, with a view to developing long-term partnerships where the emphasis is on mutual gain.

COMPLIANCE

Following the introduction of Regulation (EU) 2016/425, SHIELD Scientific remains at the forefront offering laboratory gloves CE marked PPE category III (Complex Design) which meet or exceed European and International Standards.

DISTRIBUTOR RESOURCES

Enjoy faster response times and benefit from secure access to all the information you need.

COMFORT

Comfort is very often at the top of the user's criteria for selection of gloves. At SHIELD Scientific we continue to develop new technologies which improve users' well-being without compromising skin care and protection.

POSTER MAKER

Select your glove(s), your chemical(s), add your logo and your warning notifications: create your own poster!

PROTECTION

When selecting a glove, its protective properties are often lost in the jungle of features offered to users by the manufacturers. At SHIELD Scientific we believe that THE THICKER AND LONGER THE GLOVE, THE BETTER YOU WILL BE PROTECTED.

CERTIFICATES

Download your certificate of conformance and certificate of irradiation using a secure download service.



The name of our company, SHIELD Scientific, reflects the particular focus we have on hand protection and the laboratory/high technology sectors.

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is the nerve centre for the dissemination of information. Our website was built to be an interactive tool and a source of information to help users make the right decision.



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GLOVE SELECTION GUIDE

With the SHIELD Scientific product colour coding, selecting the

		SHIELDskin CHEM ™		SHIELDskin ™		
	PRODUCT NAME	NEO NITRILE™ 300	ORANGE NITRILE™ 260	ORANGE NITRILE™ 300	ORANGE NITRILE™ 300 Sterile	
	PRODUCT CODE	66 925X	67 623X	67 625X	67 635X	
	SIZE	6/XS to 11/XXL	6/XS to 10/XL	6/XS to 11/XXL	6/XS to 11/XXL	
REGULA	GLOVES PER DISPENSER X DISPENSERS PER CARTON (Except sterile gloves)	40 X 10	90 X 10	50 X 10	1 pair/PE peel pouch X 20 pouches per polybag X 8 poly bags/PE bag per carton	
Regulation (EU) 201	16/425 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT	Category III	Category III	Category III	Category III	
Regulation (EU) 201	17/745 MEDICAL DEVICE	Class 1	Class 1	Class 1	×	
ISO 21420:2020	PPE GLOVES GENERAL REQUIREMENTS	v	v	V	 ✓ 	
EN 455-2:2015	MEDICAL GLOVES PHYSICAL PROPERTIES	v	v	V	✓	

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

GLOVE COLOUR			$\overline{}$	
MATERIAL	Neoprene/Nitrile	Nitrile/Neoprene	Nitrile/Neoprene	Nitrile/Neoprene
	Ambidextrous	Ambidextrous	Ambidextrous	Ambidextrous
DESIGN	Textured fingertips	Textured fingertips	Textured fingertips	Textured fingertips
	Powder-free	Powder-free	Powder-free	Powder-free
ACCELERATOR ALLERGENS	Free of Thiurams	Accelerator-free	Accelerator-free	Accelerator-free
LATEX PROTEIN ALLERGENS	Latex-free	Latex-free	Latex-free	Latex-free
TECHNOLOGY PROTECTION	twinSHIELD™	twinSHIELD™	twinSHIELD™	twinSHIELD™
PALM NOMINAL THICKNESS (mm)	0.31	0.14	0.14	0.14
PALM NOMINAL THICKNESS (mil)	12.2	5.5	5.5	5.5
LENGTH (mm)	300	260	300	300
LENGTH (inch)	11.8	10.2	11.8	11.8

PROTECTION PROPERTIES

		TYPE	A (AJKLNPT)	B (JKPT)	B (JKPT)	B (JKPT)
100 05/ 4 004/ 44 0040		PERMEATION (EN 16523-1:2015+A1:2018)	v	v	v	 ✓
ISU 374-1:2016+A1:2018	CHEMICAL	PENETRATION (ISO 374-2:2019)	v	v	v	V
		DEGRADATION (ISO 374-4:2019)	v	v	v	V
	VIRUS (ISO 16604:2004 Procedure B)	v	v	v	V	
ISO 374-5:2016	BIOLOGICAL	BACTERIA, FUNGI (ISO 374-2:2019)	v	V	v	v
		AQL (Level) (ISO 374-2:2019)	0.25 (Level 3)	0.25 (Level 3)	0.25 (Level 3)	0.25 (Level 3)
EN 388:2016+A1:2018	MECHANICAL	ABRASION, CUT, TEAR, PUNCTURE RESISTANCE	2000X	×	×	×
EN 1149-1/2/3&5	ESD	ELECTROSTATIC PROPERTIES	v	v	v	 ✓
MO BIO CERTIFICATION	DNase RNase	CONTAMINATION FREE	×	×	×	V
EN 421:2010	RADIOACTIVITY	RADIOACTIVE CONTAMINATION	v	v	v	V
ASTM D6978-05 (2019)	CYTOTOXIC DRUG	7+2 DRUGS TESTED	V	V	v	V

Disclaimer: Being compliant with the standards does not guarantee absolute protection because w

uniSHIELD™ technology

> uniSHIELD[™] are single-walled gloves for standard protection.

HOUSHIELD

"I would like a glove that is both comfortable, protects against all types of hazards and is economic". To date, this is simply technically impossible. Remember that no single glove will provide protection in all applications. The most important factors which need to be considered collectively and not separately are the nature of the hazard, the task, the worker and the workplace environment!

right gloves is now an easy exercise!

Chemical Biological General risk



ecoSHIELD ™		duoSHIELD™					
Eco Nitrile PF 250	Eco Latex PF 250	PFT Nitrile 240	PFT Nitrile 290	ICE NITRILE™ 240	PFT Latex 240	LPS Latex 240	
62 512X	62 313X	65 812X	65 814X	65 512X	65 412X	65 112X	
6/XS to 10/XL	6/XS to 10/XL	6/XS to 10/XL	6/XS to 10/XL	6/XS to 10/XL	6/XS to 10/XL	6/XS to 10/XL	
150 X 10	100 X 10	200 X 10	100 X 10	100 X 10	100 X 10	100 X 10	
Category III	Category III	Category III	Category III	Category III	Category III	Category III	
Class 1	Class 1	Class 1	Class 1	Class 1	Class 1	Class 1	
v	V	V	V	V	v	v	
v	V	V	V	V	V	v	

\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		0	0
Nitrile	Natural Latex	Nitrile	Nitrile	Nitrile	Natural Latex	Natural Latex
Ambidextrous	Ambidextrous	Ambidextrous	Ambidextrous	Ambidextrous	Ambidextrous	Ambidextrous
Textured fingertips	Smooth finish	Textured fingertips	Textured fingertips	Textured fingertips	Fully textured	Smooth finish
Powder-free	Powder-free	Powder-free	Powder-free	Powder-free	Powder-free	Lightly powdered
Free of Thiazoles and Thiurams	Free of Thiazoles and Thiurams	Free of Thiazoles	TBA	Free of Thiazoles and Thiurams	Free of Thiazoles and Thiurams	Free of Thiurams
Latex-free	\leq 50 μ g/g	Latex-free	Latex-free	Latex-free	≤ 50 µg/g	$\leq 200 \ \mu g/g$
twinSHIELD™	uniSHIELD™	uniSHIELD™	uniSHIELD™	uniSHIELD™	uniSHIELD™	uniSHIELD™
0.10	0.16	0.08	0.08	0.11	0.14	0.11
3.9	6.3	3.1	3.1	4.3	5.5	4.3
250	250	240	290	240	240	240
9.8	9.8	9.4	11.4	9.4	9.4	9.4

B (JKPT)	B (KPT)	B (KPT)	B (KPT)	B (KPT)	B (KPT)	B (KPT)
v	V	 ✓ 	V	v	v	
v	V	v	V	V	v	V
v	V	v	V	v	v	V
v	V	v	V	v	v	 ✓
v	v	v	v	v	v	v
0.25 (Level 3)	0.65 (Level 3)	0.65 (Level 3)	0.65 (Level 3)	1.5 (Level 2)	1.5 (Level 2)	1.5 (Level 2)
×	×	×	×	×	×	×
v	×	×	x	×	×	×
×	×	×	x	×	×	X
v	V	v	V	V	v	v
v	v	~	~	~	~	v

what is tested relates to the materials used, methods of manufacture, length and thickness of the glove.

twinSHIELD™ technology

- > twinSHIELD[™] are double-walled gloves for double protection.
- > Double dipping: to reduce the risk of pinholes and to improve the level of barrier protection.
- Double layer: a white, softer and more comfortable inner layer with a coloured outer layer to identify the type of risk (Traffic light: Green, Orange or Red).



SHIELDskin CHEM™ CHEMICAL RISK

In response to user demand for a glove offering a higher level of protection in the laboratory but without compromising dexterity and comfort, SHIELD Scientific has developed the SHIELDskin CHEM[™] range of gloves. The twinSHIELD[™] technology provides double-walled barrier protection: two materials, two layers and two colours. Apart from being registered according to Regulation (EU) 2016/425 as Personal Protective Equipment Category III (Complex Design), SHIELDskin CHEM[™] gloves are type A and as such offer the highest level of chemical protection. In this respect, the gloves have achieved a minimum breakthrough time of thirty minutes in at least six of the eighteen chemicals listed in ISO 374-1:2016+A1:2018.

PERMEATION TEST METHOD

The permeation break through time is determined according to the EN 16523 1:2015+A1:2018 and is a useful method for evaluating the barrier effectiveness of a glove against liguid chemicals under laboratory conditions and at room temperature (+/- 23°C). It measures how quickly a liquid chemical moves through the glove material at the molecular level. The normalised permeation rate is defined as 1µg/min/cm² and the maximum duration for the test is 480 minutes.



- > STEP 1: Three test specimens are typically taken from the palm area. If the glove is longer than or equal to 400 mm and if it is claimed that cuff offers protection against chemical risks, then three additional test specimens shall be taken from the cuff area.
- > STEP 2: The permeation cell consists of two compartments, separated by the test specimen. The specimen's outer surface is in contact with the challenge chemical, whereas the specimen's inner surface is in contact with a collecting medium.
- > STEP 3: The breakthrough time is deemed to have occurred when the permeation rates of the challenge chemical reaches the normalized permeation rate (1µg/min/cm²). The result is then reported in minutes.

It should be noted that a higher ambient temperature or higher chemical concentrations can make the breakthrough time shorter. Therefore, it may be prudent to give yourself a safety margin in terms of deciding when to discard gloves and replace them with new ones!

In the table below you'll see the performance for three of our synthetic gloves based on EN 16523-1:2015+A1:2018. On paper they

Chemical name	CAS N°	Concentration	SHIELDskin CHEM™ NEO NITRILE™ 300	SHIELDskin™ ORANGE NITRILE™ 260	ecoSHIELD™ Eco Nitrile PF 250
Thickness (Palm)			0.31 mm	0.14 mm	0.10 mm
Sodium acetate Sat. solution	127-09-3	100%	480 min	480 min	480 min
Acrylamide	79-06-1	40%	480 min	480 min	480 min
Ethidium bromide	1239-45-8	5%	480 min	480 min	480 min
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	37%	480 min	480 min	480 min
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	40%	480 min	480 min	480 min
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane Sat. solution	77-86-1	100%	480 min	480 min	480 min
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	37%	480 min	130 min	98 min
Isobutanol	78-83-1	99%	480 min	76 min	39 min
Isopropanol	67-63-0	66%	480 min	66 min	58 min
Secondary isoamyl alcohol	598-75-4	98%	480 min	55 min	30 min

THE THICKER AND LONGER THE GLOVE, THE BETTER YOU WILL BE PROTECTED



SHIELDskin CHEM™ NEO NITRILE™ 300



.7 mil	MATERIAL		COLOUR		DESIGN		ALLERGIES	
l mm <u>2 mil</u>	Neoprene/ Nitrile	' I W	Red (outer) White (inner)		Ambidextrous Textured fingertips		Free of Thiurams Latex-free	
nooth	Size	6/XS	7/S	8/M	9/L	10/XL	11/XXL	
	Code	66 925	1 66 9252	66 9253	66 9254	66 9255	66 9256	
0 mm 7.9 mil	40 gloves/dispe	nser		10 dispen	sers/carton			





all comply with the same standards, but as you will notice they do not offer the same level of performance!

Chemical name	CAS N°	Concentration	SHIELDskin CHEM™ NEO NITRILE™ 300	SHIELDskin™ ORANGE NITRILE™ 260	ecoSHIELD™ Eco Nitrile PF 250
Dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO)	67-68-5	99%	179 min	48 min	10 min
Phenol	108-95-2	50%	163 min	23 min	15 min
Ethanol	64-17-5	99.8%	154 min	20 min	9 min
Formic acid	64-18-6	98.5%	125 min	4 min	Immediate
Formamide	75-12-7	99%	123 min	99 min	11 min
Acetic acid	64-19-7	99%	81 min	7 min	4 min
Methanol	67-56-1	99.9%	36 min	5 min	Immediate
Dimethyl formamide (DMF)	68-12-2	99.8%	9 min	4 min	1 min
Xylene	1330-20-7	98.5%	8 min	4 min	2 min
Chloroform	67-66-3	99.8%	4 min	Immediate	Immediate

DISCLAIMER: The data provided was based on gloves tested under laboratory conditions, in accordance with EN 16523-1:2015+A1:2018. The information is for guidance only and may not reflect the user's application. A risk assessment should always be made by purchaser to assess the suitability of gloves for a specific application. For more data, please see our online Chemical resistance guide on our website www.shieldscientific.com.

SHIELDskin[™] BIOLOGICAL RISK

For the purposes of providing protection against biological hazards, the glove must comply with the European Standard ISO 374-5:2016 "Protective gloves against dangerous chemicals and micro-organisms – Part 5: Terminology and performance requirements for micro-organisms risks". The standard differentiates between gloves offering protection against bacteria plus fungi (micro-organisms resistant) and those which additionally provide protection against viruses.

MICRO-ORGANISMS RESISTANT

To evaluate the barrier resistance of a glove against bacteria and fungi, a liquid penetration test is undertaken according to ISO 374-2:2019. Gloves are filled with water and when a leak is detected, water droplets appear on the outside of the glove. As not all the gloves in a batch can be tested, statistical probability is used based on the AQL level.

STEP 1: Select the AQL and Inspection Level.

Acceptable Quality Levels (AQL)	Inspection Levels
< 0.65	G1
< 1.5	G1
< 4.0	S4
	Acceptable Quality Levels (AQL) < 0.65 < 1.5 < 4.0

STEP 2: Define the number of samples to be tested according to the batch size and inspection level (Standard ISO 2859-1:1999). On the assumption that a typical production lot of gloves is between 150 000 and 500 000 gloves, then, the number of samples to be evaluated is either 315 for PPE gloves or 200 for MDR gloves (EN 455-1:2000).

> STEP 3: Each glove sample is filled with one litre of water. After 30 seconds, if there is no leak then the sample passes. If a leak is detected, then it fails.

PENETRATION TEST METHOD



As can be seen in the table below, there is always an inherent risk of pinholes in glove manufacturing. Indeed the higher the AQL, the more gloves failures are permitted. In this context, it will be noted that with a sample size of 315, up to 21 gloves could have pinholes and still pass. In contrast, an AQL of 0.25 means that only up to two gloves could have pinholes.

SAMPLES	AQL 4.0	AQL 1.5	AQL 0.65	AQL 0.25
Number of gloves tested	315	315	315	315
PASS	21	10	5	2
(Gloves - %)	6.67%	3.17%	1.59%	0.63%
FAIL	22	11	6	3
(Gloves - %)	6.98%	3.49%	1.90%	0.95%

VIRUS RESISTANT

ISO 16604:2004 Procedure B evaluates the barrier resistance of a glove to penetration by viruses. Three tests specimens are subjected to a nutrient broth containing Phi-X174 bacteriophage in a test apparatus for a specified time and pressure sequence (0 kPa for 5 min, followed by 14 kPa for 1 min and finally 0 kPa for 4 min). Visual detection of penetration is supplemented with an assay procedure that will detect viable viruses which penetrate the material even when liquid penetration is not visible. Any evidence of viral penetration for a test specimen constitutes a failure.

Test specimen	Number of PFU/ml of assay fluid	Pass/Fail Result
# Sample 1	< 1	Pass
# Sample 2	< 1	Pass
# Sample 3	< 1	Pass



A REVOLUTION IN GLOVE TECHNOLOGY

THE LOWER THE AQL. THE BETTER YOU WILL BE PROTECTED

SHIELDskin[™] ORANGE NITRILE[™] 260





SHIELDskin[™] ORANGE NITRILE[™] 300 Sterile

		Textured	MATERIAL	. (COLOUR	D	ESIGN	ALL	ERGIES
-Extra length		0.14 mm 5.5 mil	Nitrile/ Neoprene	Ora Wł	nge (oute nite (inner	r) Amb) Te j fin	idextrous extured igertips	Acce	lerator- free ex-free
'11.8"		Smooth	Size	6/XS	7/S	8/M	9/L	10/XL	11/XXL
0 mm/			Code	67 6351	67 6352	67 6353	67 6354	67 6355	67 6356
Э́е		0.10 mm 3.9 mil	1 pair/PE peel p	ouch	20 pairs/sea	aled poly ba	ng 8	3 poly bags/	/carton
	Powder-fre	Beaded-cuff ee • Sterile							
			PPP Personal Protection Categoor REGULAT (EU) 2016/0		0598)(150374-1 Type 8	Rog	74-6-2016 Wel 3

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Increasingly we are seeking greener solutions for the working environment. That's why we created packaging that takes into account the material used, recyclability, savings on storage space and the need for fewer deliveries.



- > Manufactured from recycled cardboard. The use of recycled cardboard reduces by half CO₂ emissions per kg of produced cardboard.
- > Simple design, providing a natural look. The amount of printing on the packaging has been reduced by over 60% on the dispenser. The de-inking stage of the recycling process can be the most polluting part.
- Limited use of surface transport in favour of maritime transport. Elimination of air transport, which is known to be ten times more polluting.

Focus on ecoSHIELD™ Eco Nitrile PF 250

- > Improved design means that 50% more gloves can be packaged in the same volume.
- > With the packaging of ecoSHIELD[™] Eco Nitrile PF 250 gloves, we save more than 30% carboard. This represents half a tree for every million gloves packed.
- Shortening of the supply chain which contributes to a 700kg reduction in CO₂ emissions for every 1000 cartons delivered.
- > Reduced storage space.



*ecoSHIELD[™] Eco Nitrile PF 250 only.

BEST COMPROMISE BETWEEN PERSONAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION



ecoSHIELD™ Eco Latex PF 250

 0.19 mm/7.5 mil MATERIAL		COLOUR		DESIGN	AL	ALLERGIES	
0.16 mm 6.3 mil	Natural Rubber Latex	Natural	colour	Ambidextro Smooth fini	us sh Low p	of Thiazoles Thiurams protein leve	
Smooth	Size	6/XS	7/S	8/M	9/L	10/XL	
	Code	62 3131	62 3132	62 3133	62 3134	62 3135	
0.10 mm 3.9 mil	100 gloves/dispense	er	10 dis		ers/carton		
Beaded-cuff							



0.6

Powder-free • Non-sterile

250 mm/9.8"-Extra length





Our Shield DUAL RISK

The duoSHIELD[™] range of gloves offer an excellent solution for laboratory personnel seeking protection against limited risks at the best optimal cost. Likewise, these gloves fulfil the growing need for increased protection of patients and medical staff in the health sector, hence the reference to "duo" or dual protection. The duoSHIELD[™] gloves are dual registered: Class 1 Medical Devices according to Regulation (EU) 2017/745 and Personal Protective Equipment Category III (Complex Design) according to Regulation (EU) 2016/425. They are tested against the latest medical devices (EN 455-1:2000, EN 455-2:2015, EN 455-3:2015 and EN 455-4:2009) and Personal Protective Equipment standards (ISO 21420:2020, ISO 374-1:2016+A1:2018 and ISO 374-5:2016).





DUAL REGISTRATION FOR PERSONNEL AND PATIENT PROTECTION

duoSHIELD™ ICE NITRILE™ 240



il d	MATERIAL	COLOUR		DESIGN		ALLERGIES		
n II	Nitrile	Ice blue		Ambidextro Textured fingertipe	us ;	Free of Thiazoles and Thiurams Latex-free		
ĥ	Size	6/XS 7/S		8/M		9/L	10/XL	
	Code	65 5121	65 5122	65 5123	65	5124	65 5125	
m nil	100 gloves/dispenser			10 dispense	ers/ca	irton		
ſf								









AQL

1.5



duoSHIELD™ LPS Latex 240 0.13 mm/5.1 mil Smooth MATERIAL COLOUR DESIGN ALLERGIES 240 mm/9.4"-Standard length Natural Rubber Ambidextrous Free of Natural colour 0.11 mm Latex Smooth finish Thiurams AQ 4.3 mil OSHIELD Smooth Size 6/XS 7/S 8/M 9/L 10/XL 1.5 65 1121 65 1122 65 1123 65 1124 65 1125 Code 0.08 mm 100 gloves/dispenser 10 dispensers/cartor 3.1 mil Beaded-cuff Lightly powdered • Non-sterile PPE MDR **ATEX** CE Class ÷ 0598

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UNDERSTANDING DISPOSABLE GLOVE REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS

REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS

RELATING TO GLOVES							
	General requirements for the design and manufacture of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).						
	GLOVE CATEGORY RISK LEVEL		MARKING				
	Category I	For minimal risks only.	Œ				
Regulation (FU) 2016/425	Category II	For risks other than those listed in cat. I & III.	Œ				
	Category III	For risks that may cause very serious consequences such as death or irreversible damage to health.	+ Notified Body				
Regulation (EU) 2017/745	5 Medical Devices Regulation.						
ISO 21420:2020 Protective gloves - General requirements and test methods. This standard defines the general requirements and relevant test produces of glove materials to water penetratio comfort and efficiency, marking and information supplied by the manufact all protective gloves.			test procedures for glove enetration, innocuousness, manufacturer applicable to				

CHEMICAL RISK

STANDARDS REFERENCE	SCOPE				
ISO 374-1:2016+A1:2018	Protective gloves against dangerous chemicals and micro-organisms. Part 1: Terminology and performance requirements for chemical risks.				
ISO 374-2:2019	Protective gloves against dangerous chemicals and micro-organisms. Part 2: Determination of resistance to penetration.				
EN 16523-1:2015+A1:2018	Determination of material resistance to permeation by chemicals. Part 1: Permeation by liquid chemical under conditions of continuous contact.				
ISO 374-4:2019	Protective gloves against dangerous chemicals and micro-organisms. Part 4: Determination of resistance to degradation by chemicals.				

Gloves are classified as type A, B or C depending on their performance level when tested against a number of chemicals and degradation expressed in terms of mean average (% change in puncture resistance before and after chemical exposure).

50 374-1 Туре А		KATKII KATI KA		CODE LETTER	CHEMICAL	CAS NUMBER	CODE LETTER	CHEMICAL	CAS NUMBER
	CLASSIFICA-	PERFORMANCE		А	Methanol	67-56-1	J	n-heptane	142-82-5
	TION LEVEL REQUIRED		FROM THE	В	Acetone	67-64-1	Κ	Sodium hydroxide 40%	1310-73-2
AJKLNPT			18 LISTED	С	Acetonitrile	75-05-8	L	Suphuric acid 96%	7664-93-9
		l evel 2	/	D	Dichloromethane	75-09-2	М	Nitric acid 65 %	7697-37-2
150 374-1:2016 Tree C	туре А		0	E	Carbon disulphide	75-15-0	Ν	Acetic acid 99 %	64-19-7
	Tupo P	Level 2	<u>о</u>	F	Toluene	108-88-3	0	Ammonium hydroxide 25%	1336-21-6
	туре в	(min 30 minutes breackthrough)	<u> </u>	G	Diethylamine	109-89-7	Ρ	Hydrogen proxide 30%	7722-84-1
The second secon		Level 1	1	Н	Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	S	Hydrofluoric acid 40%	7664-39-3
Type C (min 10 minutes breackthrough)		·		Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Т	Formaldehyde 37%	50-00-0	



BIOLOGICAL RISK

STANDARDS REFERENCE	SCOPE	
ISO 374-5:2016	Protective gloves against dangerous chemicals and micro-organisms. Part 5: Terminology and performance requirements for micro-organisms risks.	
ISO 374-2:2019	Protective gloves against dangerous chemicals and micro-organisms. Part 2: Determination of resistance to penetration.	
ISO 16604:2004 Procedure B	Clothing for protection against contact with blood and body fluids. Determination of resistance of protective clothing materials to penetration by blood- borne pathogens. Test method using Phi-X174 bacteriophage.	
ISO 374-2:2019 remains the	basic test for assessing resistance to penetration by micro-organisms. Here performance i	s

SO 374-2:2019 remains the basic test for assessing resistance to penetration by micro-organisms. Here performance is measured on the basis of AQL (AQL < 4 or Level 1 to AQL < 0.65 or Level 3, with Level 3 being the highest performance level). For protective gloves against bacteria and fungi, the biohazard pictogram is applied.

For protection against bacteria, fungi, and virus, the biohazard pictogram is accompanied with the term "VIRUS" underneath. To fulfil this requirement, the glove must be tested according to ISO 374-2:2019 for bacteria and fungi and also tested according to ISO 16604:2004 (Procedure B) using the bacteriophage penetration test.

MECHANICAL RISK

STANDARDS REFERENCE

SCOPE

EN 388:2016+A1:2018

Protective gloves against mechanical risks.

This standard covers mechanical risks such as abrasion, blade cut, tear, puncture and if applicable impact. A pictogram identifying a glove offering protection against mechanical risks will have underneath up to four numbers and where appropriate up to two letters. These signs indicate the performance of the glove.

Aurasion resistance (PF * 10 4) Tear resistance (PF* 1 to 4) Puncture resistance (PF* 1 to 4) Cut resistance (PF* 1 to 4) Cut resistance (PF* 1 to 4) If one of these characters is replaced with an X*, it means that the test has either not been performed or is not applicable.

RADIOACTIVE CONTAMINATION RISK

STANDARDS REFERENCE	SCOPE
EN 421:2010	Protective gloves against ionizing radiation and radioactive contamination.

	EN			
V	EU	UA	USE	

STANDARDS REFERENCE	SCOPE
EN 455-1:2000	Medical gloves for single use. Part 1: Requirements and testing for freedom from holes.
EN 455-2:2015	Medical gloves for single use. Part 2: Requirements and testing for physical properties.
EN 455-3:2015	Medical gloves for single use. Part 3: Requirements and testing for biological evaluation.
EN 455-4:2009	Medical gloves for single use. Part 4: Requirements and testing for shelf-life determination.

CHEMICAL RISK BIOLOGICAL RISK GENERAL RISK DUAL RISK





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